

Summary of MDG Targets and Lao National Goals

Goal 1: Eradicate Extreme Poverty & Hunger			
<i>Target 1: Halve between 1990 - 2015, the proportion of people living in poverty</i>	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets¹:
001a: Proportion of people living below the national poverty line	48%	24%	Lao National Target is to halve incidence of poverty by 2005 and to eradicate poverty by 2010 (note that this refers to the national poverty line)
002: Poverty gap ratio (incidence times depth of poverty)	12%	6%	
003: Share of poorest quintile in national consumption	9.3% (1992)	Target under consideration by Lao Government	
Target 2: Halve between 1990 -2015 the proportion of people suffer from hunger	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	There is no national target on underweight in children, but there is a national target on malnutrition; to reduce by 40% of malnourished children by 2005.
004: Prevalence of underweight in children under five years of age	40%	20%	
005: Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption	31%	16%	
Goal 2: Achieve Universal Primary Education			
<i>Target 3: Ensure that by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling</i>	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:
006: Net enrolment in primary school	58% (1991)	98%	Lao National Target is to increase primary net enrolment rate to 80% (by 2000) and then to 85% (by 2005)
007: Proportion of pupils starting grade 1 who reach grade 5	47.7% (1991)	95%	
008: Literacy rate in the age group 15-24 years	78.5% (2001)	99%	Lao National Target is to Increase adult literacy rate (persons aged 15-40) to 85% (between 2001-2005)
Goal 3: Promote Gender Equality & Empowerment of Women			
<i>Target 4: Eliminate gender disparity in primary & secondary education, preferably by 2005, & to all levels of education no later than 2015</i>	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:

¹ Sources of Lao National Targets : Socio-Economic Development Plans 1996-2000, Socio-Economic Development and Investment Requirements 1997-2000, the Education Strategic Vision 2000, the Marco-Economic Policy and reform Framework 2000, Health Strategy up to the Year 2020, and the Framework of Strategic Vision on Forest Resource Management to the Year 2020.

009: Ratio of girls to boys in primary, secondary, and tertiary education	62.2% (1991)	100% number of girls per 100 boys enrolled	<i>Gender is among the four cross-sectoral policy priorities in the NPEP. No specific national gender targets have been set except those in the MDG Report</i>
010: Ratio of literate women to men, 15-24 years of age	81.5% (1995)	100%	
011: Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector	37.5% (1995)	Target under consideration by Lao Government	
012: Proportion of seats held by women in the national parliament (percent)	6.3%	Target under consideration by Lao Government	
Goal 4: Reduce Child Mortality			
<i>Target 5: Reduce by two-thirds the under-five mortality rate</i>	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:
013: Under-five mortality rate	170 deaths per 1,000 live births	55 deaths per 1,000 live births	Lao National Target is to reduce U5MR to 100 per 1000 live births (by 2005) and then 30 per 1000 live births (by 2020).
014: Infant mortality rate	134 deaths per 1,000 live births	45 deaths per 1,000 live births	Lao National Target is to reduce IMR to 75 per 1000 live births (by 2005) and then 20 per 1000 live births (by 2020).
015: Proportion of one-year old children immunized against measles	62% (1996)	90 %	
Goal 5: Improve Maternal Health			
<i>Target 6: Reduce by three quarters the maternal mortality ratio</i>	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:
016: Maternal mortality ratio	750 deaths per 100,000 live births	185 deaths per 100,000 live births	Lao National Target is to reduce maternal mortality rate to 355.5 per 100,000 live births (by 2005) and then 130 per 100,000 live births (by 2020).
016a: Contraceptive prevalence rate	13%	55%	increase the contraceptive prevalence to 35% (by 2005) and then 60-65% (by 2020).
017: Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	14% (1994)	80%	
Goal 6: Combat HIV AIDS, Malaria and Other Diseases			
<i>Target 7: Have halted by 2015, and begun to reverse, the spread of HIV/AIDS</i>	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:
018a: HIV prevalence among 15-24 year old commercial service women	0.4% (2001)	<1%	Lao National Targets for

019a: Proportion of 15-24 year old women who have ever used a condom during sexual intercourse	0.9% (1994)	20%	HIV/AIDS were recently agreed to be aligned with MDG targets
019b: Proportion of 15-24 year old commercial sex workers reporting consistent use of condom with non-regular sexual partners in the past 12 months	44.7% (2000)	70%	
020a: Proportion of 15-24 year old women who know how to prevent RTIs/STDs	32.3% (2000)	70%	
020b: Proportion of 15-24 year old commercial sex workers who correctly identify ways of preventing sexual transmission of HIV and reject major misconceptions about HIV transmission or prevention	20% (2000)	70%	
Target 8: Have halted by 2015 & begun to reverse, the incidence of malaria & other major diseases	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:
021: Death rate associated with malaria	9 deaths per 100,000	0.2 deaths per 100,000	Lao National Target is to reduce major diseases such as malaria, diarrhea and respiratory infections (1996-2000).
021a: Morbidity rate due to malaria	44 suspected cases per year per 1,000	15 suspected cases per year per 1,000	
022: Proportion of population in malaria risk areas using effective malaria prevention and treatment measures	23.9% (2000)	100%	
022a: Proportion of population in malaria risk areas protected by impregnated bed nets	25% (1999)	100%	
023: Prevalence rate associated with tuberculosis	144 per 100,000	50 per 100,000	
024.1: Proportion of tuberculosis cases detected under directly observed treatment short course (DOTS)	24% (1996)	70%	
024.2: Proportion of tuberculosis cases cured under DOTS	72% (1996)	85%	
Goal 7: Ensuring Environmental Sustainability			
Target 9: Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies & programmes, & reverse the loss of environmental resources	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:
025: Proportion of land forest cover	47% (1992)	Target under consideration by Lao Government	Lao National Target is to eliminate opium eradication totally by 2005 and put an end to slash-and-burn cultivation by 2010 Lao National Target is to establish 500,000 hectares of new tree plantation (2000-2020) and reduce the area of shifting cultivation to a minimum level (up to 2005)

026: Area protected to maintain biological diversity as proportion of total surface area (percent)	11.9% (1993)	Target under consideration by Lao Government	
028.1: Carbon dioxide emissions from fossil fuels (metric tons per capita)	0.1 metric tons per capita	Target not set. Lao PDR does not produce enough CO2 emissions	
028.1a: Carbon dioxide emissions from all emission sources (metric tons per capita)	4.1 metric tons per capita	Target not set. Lao PDR does not produce enough CO2 emissions	
028.2: Consumption of ozone-depleting chlorofluorocarbons	50.1 metric tons of ozone depleting material	0 metric tons of ozone depleting potential	
029: Proportion of population using solid fuels (percent)	97% (1995)	Target not set. Lao PDR does not produce enough CO2 emissions	
Target 10: Halve, by 2015, the proportion of people without access to safe drinking water	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:
030: Proportion of the population with sustainable access to improved water source	28%	80%	Lao National Target is to improve accessibility to clean water to 70% of all villages and to sanitary latrines to 50% (1996-2000)
031a: Proportion of [urban] population with access to improved sanitation	11%	70%	Lao National Target is to increase the supply of clean water to 75% of urban households (1996-2000)
Target 11: By 2020 to have achieved a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers	1990 Baseline for Lao PDR	2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:
032: proportion of households with access to secure tenure, urban areas (percent)	90.7% (1995)	Target not set as not considered to be a major issue for Laos	
8: Develop a Global Partnership for Development			
Target 12: Develop further an open, rules-based, predictable, non-discriminatory trading and financial system. Includes a commitment to good governance, development, and poverty reduction — both nationally and internationally Target 13: Address the special needs of the least developed countries. Includes: tariff and quota free access for least developed countries' exports; an enhanced programme of debt relief for HIPC and cancellation of official bilateral debt; and more generous ODA for countries committed to poverty reduction		2015 Target for Lao PDR	Lao National Targets:
		Goal 8 is being measured at the global level. No national targets need to be set.	Lao National Target is to sustain economic growth with equity at the moderate rate of about 7%, for tripling per capita income by 2020 Increase gross service production by 10-11% per year (1996-2000) Reduce fiscal deficit to no more than 10% of GDP (1996-2000) Increase budget revenues to 16-16.5% of GDP(1996-2000) Reduce external trade deficit to no

<p>Target 14: Address the special needs of landlocked countries and small island developing States through the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States and the outcome of the twenty-second special session of the General Assembly</p> <p>Target 15: Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of developing countries through national and international measures in order to make debt sustainable in the long term</p> <p>Target 16: In cooperation with developing countries, develop and implement strategies for decent and productive work for youth</p> <p>Target 17: In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries</p> <p>Target 18: In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications</p>		<p>more than 12% of GDP (1996-2000)</p> <p>Increase exports by 12% and imports by 10.5% per year (1996-2000)</p> <p>Attract US \$2 billion in foreign investment (1996-2000)</p> <p>Achieve an average annual increase in gross retail distribution of 13% per year(1996-2000)</p> <p>Increase investments in socio-cultural sectors to 25% of total investments (2000-2001)</p> <p>Limit the inflation rate to less than 20% and then to less than 10% per year (2001-2002)</p> <p>Increase budget revenue to 14-18% of GDP (average growth of 1.0-1.5% per year) (2000-2005)</p> <p>Reduce budget deficit to less than 5% of GDP (average of 0.5-1.0% per year) (2000-2005)</p> <p>Increase public savings to 10% of GDP (2000-2005)</p> <p>Increase investments from domestic resources to 10% of GDP (2000-2005)</p>
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